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*sīle paṭṭhāya naro sapañño*  
‘the wise one, based in self-discipline’

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This is a Special Issue of the Canadian Journal of Buddhist Studies to bring to the reader a groundbreaking research relating to the religious ritual called Buddhāpājāva, in Pali, among Sinhala Buddhists of Sri Lanka. While this widespread practice has a long and venerable history, its origin and authorship have been unknown. This research traces its origins to Sri Lanka and the authorship to Arahant Mahinda, credited with introducing the Buddhadhama to Tambapanni (Lanka) in the 3rd c. BCE, making it likely the oldest formal Buddhāpājā in the world today, dating back 2260 years. An unexpected finding is that the Pañcasīla (Five TP’s (Training Principles), aka Precepts), the basic discipline of Buddhists the world over, and its extensions Aṭṭhāngikasīla (Eight) and Dasasīla (Ten) have also emerged in the same process. The research entails a new methodology in the Study of Religion.
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### Anthony K Warder

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Pariyatti, Paṭipatti and Paṭivedha

The material in the Canadian Journal of Buddhist Studies is organized along a traditional tripartite division of pariyatti, paṭipatti and paṭivedha (‘theory’, ‘praxis’ and ‘insight’). Even though the division itself is not canonical in origin, each of them, in the sense construed here, is not without scriptural roots.

To begin with, taken literally, pariyatti means ‘completely + to reach’ (< pari + āp-), and therefore can be seen as allowing inclusion in an academic journal any material that reaches out for, or brings in, knowledge. Among the term’s several meanings is ‘accomplishment’ (see Davids and Stede, 1979:432), the multiple characterizations of which seem to allow for the incorporation of all three - theory, praxis and insight.

Accomplishment is explained, first, in relation to that of ‘a treasurer’ (bhaṅḍāgārika). Implied here is an ‘accumulation’, and one that is secular, and mundane. A second characterization is ‘the divisions of pariyatti in its three Baskets’ (tīsu pitaṅkesu tividho pariyatti-bheda). While this renders a closer religious connotation, it still relates to a body of knowledge, presumably to be accumulated. Even more concretely, accomplishment comes to have an association with learning itself, as in pariyattim uggāṇhāti “undertakes the learning [of the Scriptures]”.

In these three senses of accomplishment, then, we may take pariyatti to mean ‘theory’, equated here with the dharma as contained in the Buddhist texts.

But accomplishment is also characterized in two other ways, one negative and the other positive. The first, ‘like a serpent’ (alagaddūpamā), speaks to the consequences of mishandling (duggahita) (DN Commentary). Here, then, we have in pariyatti the sense of paṭipatti ‘praxis’ - in its multiple senses of ‘method, conduct, practice, performance, behaviour’ (ibid.:396).

The positive characterization of accomplishment is ‘on account of going forth’ (nissaraṇatthā). Explained as a well-handling (suggahita), we may find embedded in pariyatti the category of paṭivedha ‘insight’. It is not knowledge, textual or oral, that is the basis of accomplishment, but knowledge gained, figuratively by going away from it, through meditation practice, leading to personal discovery.

If in pariyatti itself we can thus find the three-fold concept of theory, practice and insight, why utilize a three-way classification in the journal? It is for purely heuristic reasons.

The raison d’etre of an academic journal is the furtherance of knowledge through the pursuit of truth. But this is to be come by not just through theory (texts). As in Medicine, Engineering, Education or Psychology in the acad-
emy, the validation lies in its application. Hence *praxis* as a separate organizational category. But, still from a Buddhist point of view, there is nothing like insight to open up the truth, this through meditation practice, a parallel in the academy perhaps being Music. Hence *insight* as a distinct category.

We may note here as well that the three-way division neatly dovetails with the tripartite division of the Noble Eightfold Path — wisdom (emanating from knowledge, part based in theory), self-discipline (relating to praxis) and concentration (basis for insight), changing here the traditional order of listing — *sīla, samādhi, paññā*. It is an expectation that in consciously including insight, the CJBS will be able to bring to the academy the benefit of the many meditational techniques that have been developed over centuries and across cultures. The fact that an estimated 75% of Buddhologists or those who teach courses relating to Buddhism in North America are practicing Buddhists seems to advance the case.

Presenting material along the lines of theory, praxis and insight is also seen by us as a small contribution towards expanding the academic horizons. Buddhism offers a methodology that balances an objectivity based in empiricism with a subjectivity, also based in empiricism. If this is to put it in academic terms, it may also be understood as a multiculturalizing of the academy. While since its introduction, the Canadian policy of multiculturalism has enriched our lives at a mundane level (as e.g., in the culinary and the fine arts), the academy seemed to be little touched by it. Incorporating a Buddhist methodology may, then, not only be an invitation to multicultural alacrity, but also to a humanizing of the academy. We need no better (worse) example than the atomic bomb, though a clear misuse of pure research, to be convinced that knowledge without a spiritual, religious or moral dimension can be plainly inimical, not just to the academy but to humanity itself which the academy is set up to serve.

Bibliography


*(Critical comments would be much appreciated)*

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(suwanda.sugunasiri@utoronto.ca)
Book Reviews
The following books have been received with thanks, and, at Press time, all but Liu & Berger are under Review:


